(Area in Km^2)

Sl.No.	State/UT	Reserved Forests	Forest Cover
1.	Arunachal Pradesh	10,178	68,019
2.	Assam	18,060	27,826
3.	Manipur	1,467	17,219
4.	Meghalaya	1,112	16,839
5.	Mizoram	7,909	18,430
6.	Nagaland	308	13,609
7.	Sikkim	5,452	3,262
8.	Tripura	3,588	8,093
	TOTAL :	48,074	173,297

(c) Detailed guidelines for indentification and regularization of rights of people living on forests land before the period prior to 25.10.1980 have been issued. All State/UT Governments have been directed not to carry out any eviction of their forest dwellers till their claims are duly verified by them.

Implementation of National River Conservation Plan

2325. DR. M.A.M. RAMASWAMY: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) the States in which the National River Conservation Plan (NRCP) is in operation;

(b) the details of the States in which the National River Conservation Plan has not been implemented in full; and

(c) the total amount spent in each State under the NRCP since its inception?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI NAMO NARAIN MEENA): (a) to (c) The Ganga Action Plan Phase-I (GAP-I) was the first attempt by the Ministry for

taking up the works of pollution abatement of the river Ganga in the year 1985. Under this Plan, 259 projects have been completed covering 25 towns in the three States of Uttar Pradesh, Bihar & West Bengal leading to the creation of 865 million litres per day (mld) of additional sewerage treatment capacity. The GAP I was declared completed in March, 2000. later on with the launching of the second phase of Ganga Action Plan in stages between 1993 & 1996 and taking up of works in more rivers, the programme was broad based and renamed as the National River Conservation Plan (NRCP). Presently, the Centrally sponsored scheme of NRCP is under implementation in 160 towns along polluted stretches of 34 major rivers spread over 20 States on the cost sharing pattern of 70:30 between the Centre and the States. The pollution abatement works under the Plan both Core (Interception & Diversion of Sewage, Sewage Treatment Plants) & Non-Core (River Front Development, Improved Crematoria, Public Awareness Programme etc.) are undertaken on an ongoing basis as a continuous process. The details of expenditure reported to have been incurred by the State implementing agencies along with number of schemes sanctioned/completed State-wise under the NRCP is given in the Statement.

Statement

The details of expenditure reported to have been incurred by the State implementing agencies along with number of schemes sanctioned/ completed State-wise under the NRCP

(Rs. in lakhs)

Sl. No.	Action Plan/ State	No. of Schemes		Expenditure incurred by State implementing agencies as on 30-5-2006
		Sanctioned as on 30-6-2006	Completed as on 31-3-2006	
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Andhra Pradesh	25	15	5905.26 *
2.	Bihar	18	14	297.54
3.	Delhi	12	12	16069.53
4.	Goa	5	0	1092.16 *

1	2	3	4	5
5.	Gujarat	13	13	9598.86
6.	Haryana	111	99	24472.49
7.	Jharkhand	15	5	142.63
8.	Karnataka	42	23	4936.66
9.	Kerala	6	0	7.29*
10.	Madhya Pradesh	59	47	6612.98
11.	Maharashtra	24	16	8455.39@
12.	Nagaland	6	0	0.00
13.	Orissa	20	4	2359.38
14.	Punjab	60	34	20972.23
15.	Rajasthan	7	5	76.61*
16.	Sikkim	1	0	0.00
17.	Tamil Nadu	64	41	49919.92
18.	Uttar Pradesh	229	189	42654.69
19.	Uttranchal	37	14	1504.67
20.	West Bengal	181	40	11881.55
	GRAND TOTAL:	935	571	206959.84

*Upto 30-11-2005

@Upto 31-3-2006

Polluted rivers of Andhra Pradesh

2326. SHRI NANDI YELLAIAH: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that as per the survey conducted by the Central Pollution Control Board, Godavari-from Polavaram to Rajahmundry, Nagavalli from Nagavalli to Thotapalli and Musi between Hyderabad and Secundrabad stretch are among very polluted rivers in Andhra Pradesh;